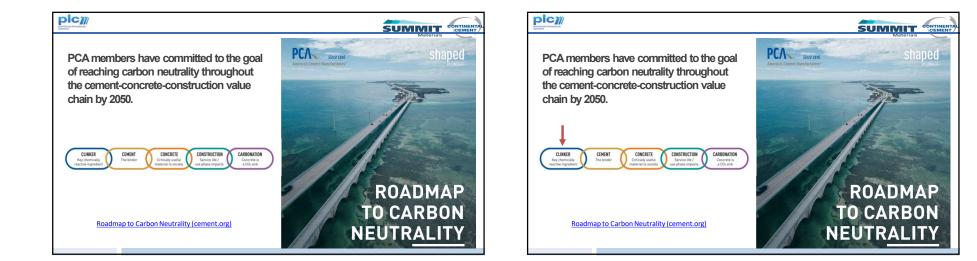
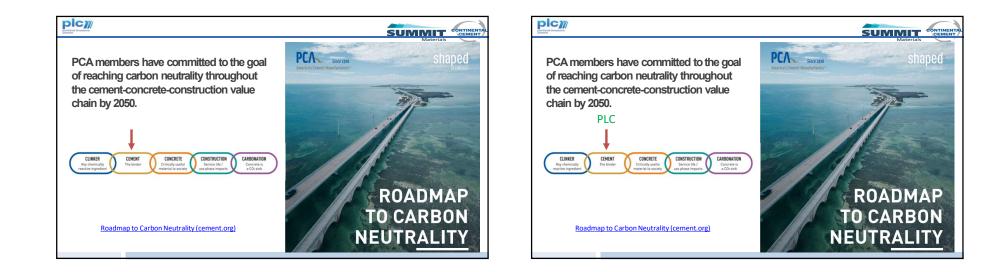
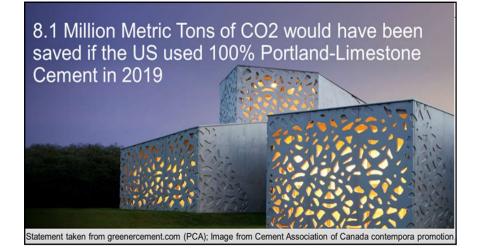
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U.S. Standards

plc

Cementitious Materials and Concrete Standards

C150 portland cement – up to 5% limestone, Type I or I/II most common

 $\mbox{C595}$ blended cement – 5% to 15% limestone, Types IL and IT. Also pozzolan and slag blended cements, Type IP and IS

C1157 hydraulic cement – can contain limestone in varying amounts. Types GU, HE, MS, HS, MH, LH

C94 ready-mixed concrete – equal recognition of C150, C595, and C1157 and equal handling of SCMs









Courtesy of Jamie Farny, PCA

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of Jamie Farny, PCA





1983 CSA A5 allows up to 5% limestone in Portland cement

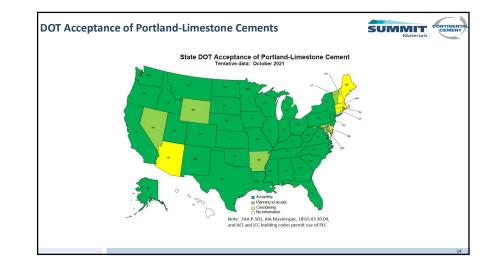
2004 ASTM C 150 allows 5% in Types I-V

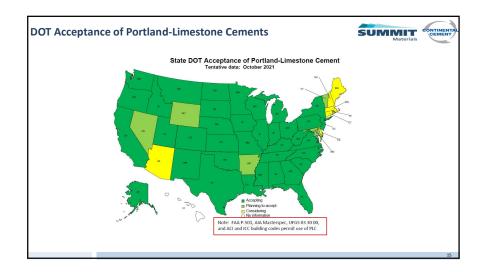
2006 CSA A3001 allows 5% in other Types than GU

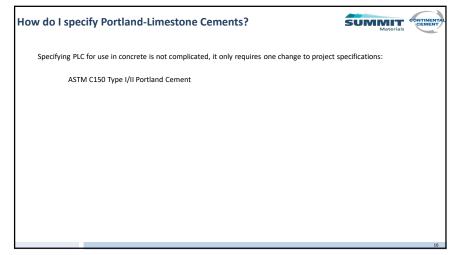
2007 AASHTO M85 allows 5% in Types I-V

2008 CSA A3001 includes PLC containing 5%-15% limestone

2012 ASTM C595/AASHTO M 240 include PLC





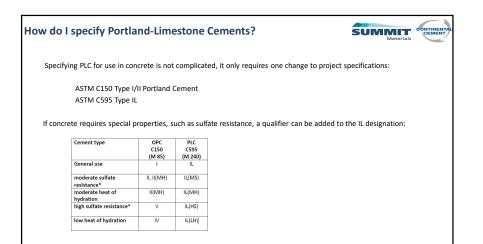


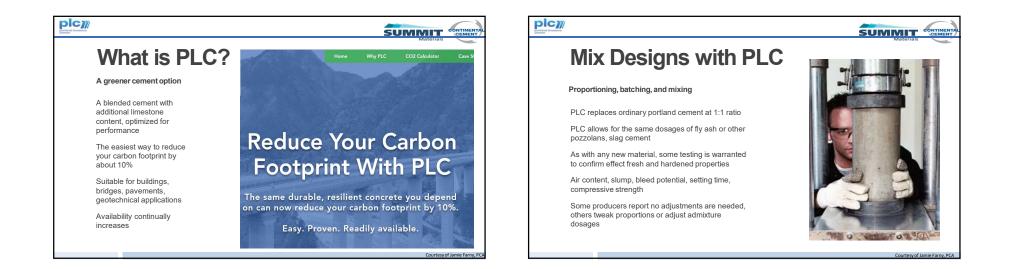
How do I specify Portland-Limestone Cements?



Specifying PLC for use in concrete is not complicated, it only requires one change to project specifications:

ASTM C150 Type I/II Portland Cement ASTM C595 Type IL





Mix Designs with PLC	
Typical effects on fresh and hardened properties	
Workability	Increase or decrease No significant effect on admixtures
Bleeding	Decreases with increasing limestone fineness Generally of no concern
Setting time (initial, final)	Can be slight decrease w/increasing limestone fineness Not a concern even up to 15% limestone
Heat of hydration	Slight increase at early ages (up to 48 hours) But less significant at later ages
Compressive strength	Can increase slightly Both early-age and long-term strengths
Scaling and freeze-thaw resistance	Use same techniques as with OPC concrete mixes: Proper air-void systems, curing, higher strengths
Sulfate resistance	Use same techniques as with OPC concrete mixes:



