

Maintaining Traffic for Concrete Paving in Michigan

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Maintaining Traffic for Concrete Paving Projects

- Many different options, combinations
 - One size does NOT fit all
 - Tailor to your project
 - Other items often dictate option (bridge, underground, utilities, ROW, etc.)
- Partnering critical
 - Allow flexibility
 - Allow contractor to propose options
- Safety <u>must</u> remain #1 priority



Major Factors...

• Setting Expectations

- Communication
- Public information programs
- Social Media
- Accelerating Construction/Fast Track
 - Planning and contracting
 - Appropriate concrete mixtures, and construction
 - Curing and temperature management
 - Appropriate opening to traffic criteria maturity.



Options Used in Michigan to Manage Traffic for Concrete Paving

- Use of shoulder / lane shift
- Lane closures
- Temporary widening + lane shift
- Crossovers to other side
- Split-merge
- Moveable barrier
- Half closure & detour
- Total closure & detour

[Strategies are often combined with each other]





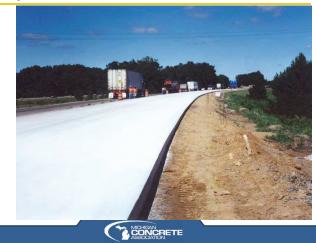
US-23 Concrete Overlay (1999)



I-69 Overlay (2000)



I-69 Overlay (2000)



Issues to Consider

- Potential interference between traffic & workers & paving equipment
- Construction traffic utilizing the same space as public traffic • Batch truck movements in and out of traffic
- Potential traffic rollovers due to soft edge beyond pavement
- Ride quality Possibly harder to obtain better numbers
- Conflicts between paving operation and traffic
- Much more time for traffic to get through project (while paving)
- Basic safety concerns















Lane Closures + Crossovers





US-10 Unbonded Concrete Overlay, 2013 Midland / Isabella Co. line east to M-18 Coleman, Mich.

Lane Closures + Crossovers: US-10, Clare





Lane Closures + Crossovers: US-10, Clare



Lane Closures + Crossovers: US-10, Clare



Lane Closures + Crossovers - Urban Arterial

- Patterson Avenue, Kent County, MI
- 5-lane arterial
- 4-inch bonded concrete overlay (whitetopping)
- I lane each direction during construction with no left turns allowed
- 3 phases (outer 2 lanes, other outer 2 lanes, then center turn lane)



Lane Closures + Crossovers – Urban Arterial







Lane Closures + Crossovers - Urban Arterial



Quadrants for Intersections



- Lane closures + crossovers
- Typically requires 2 main phases and 2 sub-phases to get all 4 quadrants

Half Closure + Detour



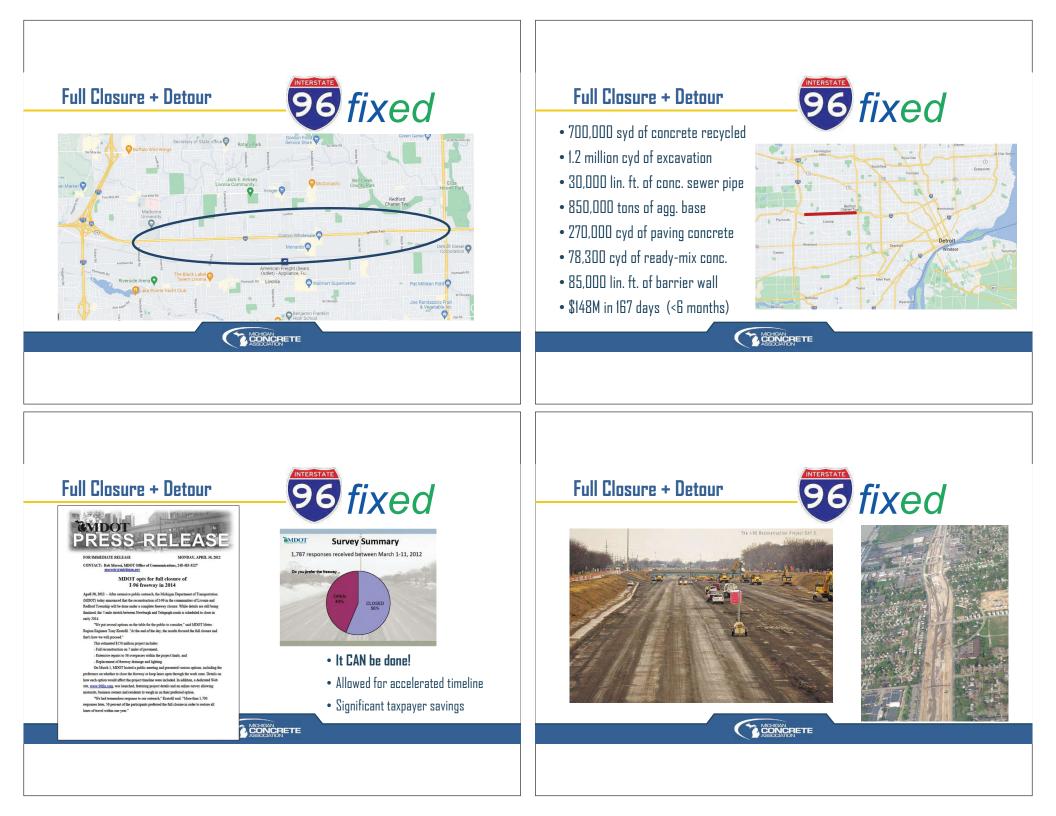
- I-275 Pavement Replacement, 2016
- 500,000 syds of concrete replaced in one construction season
 - May 2 to August 31
- 200,000 vpd
- Detour routes available

Full Closure + Detour

- 7 miles of below-grade freeway in suburbs of Detroit
- 140,000-163,000 ADT
- 40-year-old concrete/composite
- 7 interchanges, 37 bridges
- 700,000 SY concrete pavement
- \$148M in 167 days
- Partnering, multiple innovations
- Stakeholder Engagement







Full Closure + Detour





Full Closure + Detour



Apr 7, 2014





Sep 21, 2014

Full Closure + Detour for Concrete Intersections

- Typically numerous alternate routes exist for detour options
- Can allow for fast pavement replacement projects
- For full reconstructs, utilities often drive schedule



Summary

- Michigan has demonstrated a number of different Maintenance-of-Traffic (MDT) schemes for concrete paving projects
- The specific one chosen for a particular project will depend on a number of factors, including:
 - Facility type / classification
 - Traffic level / ability to reduce # of lanes during construction
 - Available detour routes and/or RDW restrictions for temporary widening
 - Type of concrete paving (overlay, replacement, full reconstruct)
 - Other items of work in the contract



The concrete pavement solution for all 2 lane road applications

Matt Fonte Fonte and Company Consulting The journey of 4 projects US 385 near Idalia, CO – 7" concrete on FDR

CO Hwy 13 north of Craig, CO – 6" concrete overlay

US 287 corridor from Oklahoma to I-70 in Limon, CO

US 50 Fowler, CO to Manzanola, CO - 6" concrete overlay and 8" reconstruct

• 7" concrete

United States

- Full Depth Reclamation (FDR) with out cement treatment
- Day time lane closures during FDR process
- Dust control while traffic is on the FDR
- Road elevation vs. additional embankment







- Alternate bid project 6" asphalt vs. 6" concrete
- Concrete first cost low with out a LCCA adjustment
- Project average IRI in the 40's

Milling was at the contractor's option



- Cost of milling vs. Cost of concrete overrun
- Daily lane closures during milling operations
- Using millings for shouldering without "chunks"
- Correcting cross slope with millings
- Have a good milling plan before you start





- Paving operations under 24-hour pilot car
- Production controlling factors
- Millings cross overs at intersections between phases
- Optimized gradations and pavement smoothness





- US 287 "The port to the plains corridor"
 - Major truck route through Colorado
 - The bulk of the corridor is concrete
 - South half of the corridor is 9" to 12" concrete overlays
 - Currently CDOT is adding passing lanes throughout the southern corridor

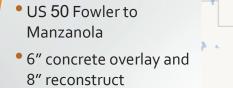




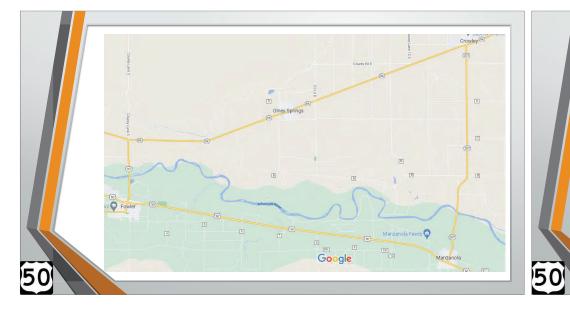


 Traffic speeds during construction

- Temporary rumble strips
- Flashing radar speed signs
- Setting performance requirements for traffic Q's
- Local traffic will find a way around your construction



- Project was completed 2 months ahead of schedule
- Full closure of the road and detour traffic
- Average IRI in the 50's



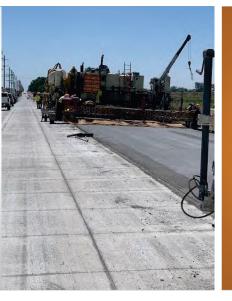
- Develop a milling plan
- Core possible thin area before you start
- Milling under the bars
- Not milling full width
- Outgoing project managers
- Face to Face communication with your neighbors



United

States

- This project was completed in a matter of months
- This project was completed 2 months early
- This project would have been completed even earlier but was held up waiting on guard rail material (COVID?)



Summary

- A good project team both agency and contractor can make or break a project, not perfect but willing to work together.
- The communication of the project team and the public is crucial.
- Get the traveling publics attention and get them slowed down before the work zone.
- The concrete industry is capable of paving to a specified grade, maintaining a safe cross slope.



