



IA 3 Overlay

- ▶ Concept
- ▶ Construction
 - ► PCC overlay typical (historical)
 - ▶ PCC overlay new theory
 - HMA overlay typical
- ► Materials Data
- Conclusions

Today's Learning Objectives

- ▶ Report the success of concrete overlays.
- ► Learn another perspective on concrete overlay designs.
- ► Understand how a slight change of concept can help concrete overlays to be constructed with the minimum amount of traffic interruption.
- ► Safety can be engineered into a project.



Project Scoping

Project Phase	Related Task	Project Type1
Planning and Scoping (Chapter 2)	Preliminary Planning and Needs Assessment	1R, 2R, 3R, 4R, NL
		2R
	Establish Project Purpose and Need	3R, 4R
		NL
	Establish Project Scope	2R
		3R
		4R
		NL

https://safety.fhwa.dot.gov/hsm/fhwasa16106/ch1.cfm

Project Scoping

Example Description 1R

3R

The 1R project type designation is often associated with routine maintenance activities. This type of project could include a pavement overlay, roadside maintenance, or a minor upgrade to existing roadside hardware. For 1R projects, there are very few, if any, new improvements.

The 2R project type designation is generally associated with resurfacing existing facilities or restoring road characteristics that are in need of an upgrade. As part of the 2R project, a limited number of new 2R design or operational changes may be incorporated. These enhancements are minor and do not change the overall character of the facility.

The 3R project type is often associated with major rehabilitation of an existing facility. This could include pavement improvements for the existing road, minor roadway widening, roadside shoulder improvement projects, and construction of select low-cost safety improvements at the site or system-

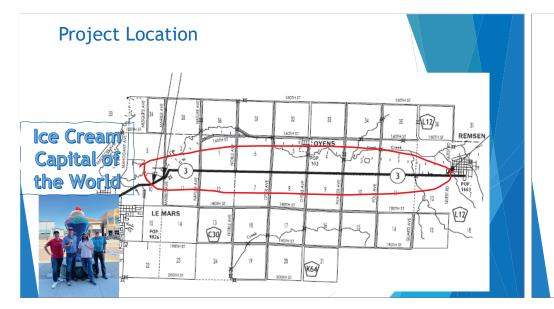
The 4R project type includes major retrofit construction efforts including modification of the design to meet geometric criteria standards. This type of project generally includes substantial changes to the character of the road (significant widening, realignment, major operational modifications).

The NL project type indicates constructing a highway at a new location. This type of project has all new construction for the majority of the alignment.

What are we trying to research?

- Compare PCC overlay construction times to other overlay schedules.
- ► Accelerate project schedule while maintaining quality project and increasing safety.







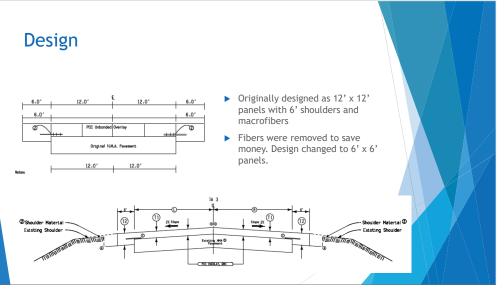
Old DOT Philosophy

- PCC overlay like a PCC Reconstruction
 - Close the road from end to end for months to allow contractor to do everything safely under closure.
 - Traffic out of distance detoured for most of a summer
 - Local traffic mixing with construction traffic
 - Communicate...

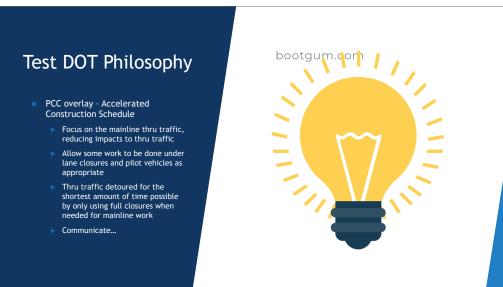


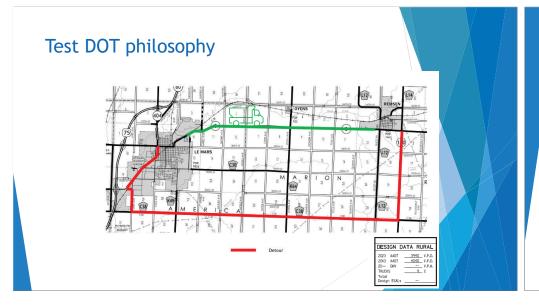
Standard PCC staging plan Detour Design DATA RURAL RUSS AND TOTAL RURA







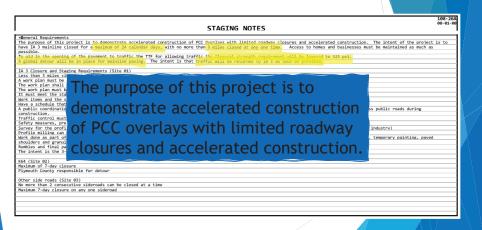






Test DOT Philosophy - Concept Mile 1 Mile 2 Mile 3 Mile 4 Mile 5 Mile 6 Mile 7 Mile 8 Mile 9 1-day 1-

Staging notes



Determining success

- ▶ Instrumentation (strain gauges) in overlay
- ► Traffic study/review (no accidents!)
- ► Less impact to the community/travelers
- Communication review
- ▶ Feedback from DOT inspection staff
- ▶ Feedback from homeowners/businesses
- ▶ Feedback from County



Key strategies

- Required work plan
- Required Communications plan
- Focus on reducing mainline closure time, minimizing detoured thru traffic
- Maturity strength for opening reduced from 500psi to 325psi



2010 Kenwood Avenue P.O. Box 430 New Hampton, IA 50659 Phone: 641-394-6789 Fax: 641-394-2340

Resident along Hwy

Very shortly we will begin construction on Hwy 3 from Le Mars to Remeen. Surveyors have already been working setting monuments next to the shoulders, along the road, that will be used during construction. June 20°, we plan to start milling the road using single least colcures. We plan to close I lane for an inflat a time, moving through the project. This portion of construction should take 2 weeks to complete. We ask that you travel cautiously through the road during construction.

After July 4° weekend the construction of a new 36' concrete road will start. We will pave the full width of the road with 6' shoulders all at once. The project is being built under an accelerated work schedule which means we will be shouldering and opening newly constructed portions daily. We hope to compolete all the new Huy? 3 mainline in 21 days.

Immediately after they 3 paving, the intersection of K64 will be reconstructed to match the new roadway. We plan to have K64 closed for 7 days. All the intersecting roads will get new paved intersections also.

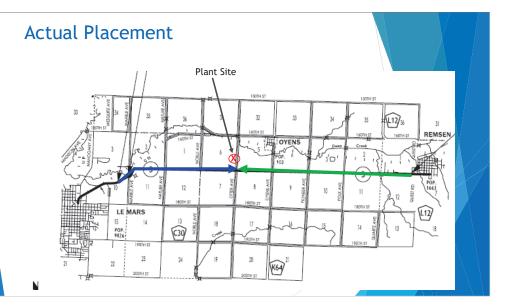
As we pase past your residence you will need to access your residence from the shoulder on the same side of the road where you live, and travel to the nearest side road and away from thmy 3 to deture around. The shoulders should be between 8 and 30 live does you will not be able to meet any websice. These wasts what's coming down the shoulder befror traveller in or cut. You will not be able to ross the new road at your residence or drive or the new concrete for approximately 30 hours. We may be able to adult this number but will not how what it is unlike what will not will not so will well as will be written your some set data established. I will do what I can to keep you informed as to what portions of the new road are able to be driven on.

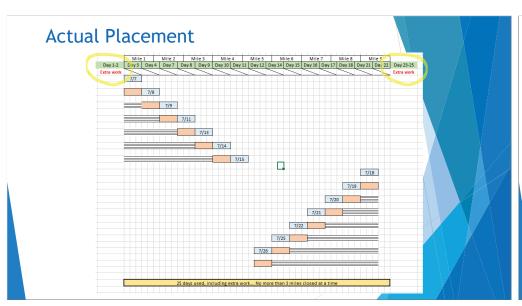
In order to stay in contact with your during this process I self that you places send one on entail with your name, address, and place member, or a total with your made, address, and place member, or a total with your made desire, and entail. We mail address and oli place number are below. I plan on sending out entails to all residents almost daily when we get to concrete powing. to let them know the progress of the projects and where you can admost other. We we built placed out may set in interestations and it your divinement once we can safely get a dump truck onto the new read. Keep in mind that this is under construction. Please trevel with transform. Until studdiest grade to ther with let 27 from off on the edge of the read.

We understand this may be an inconvenience through this process, feel free to contact me with any questions. Thank you.

Project Manager 2010 Kenwood Avenue New Hampton, IA 50659 Mobile: 319-530-5760 Jason.meihost@croell.com

Open Communication









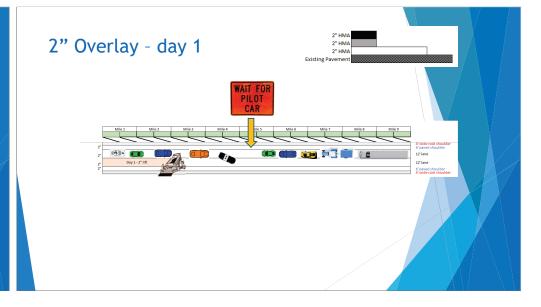


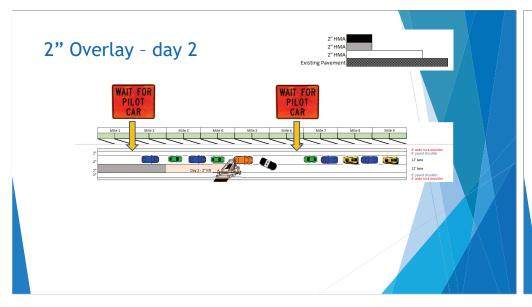


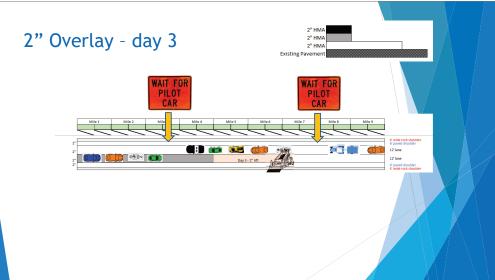


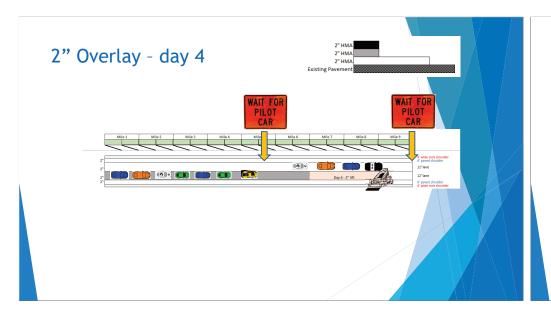
Paving Pics

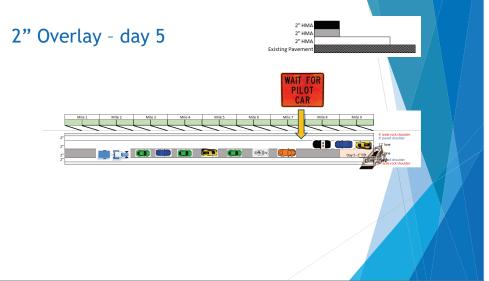


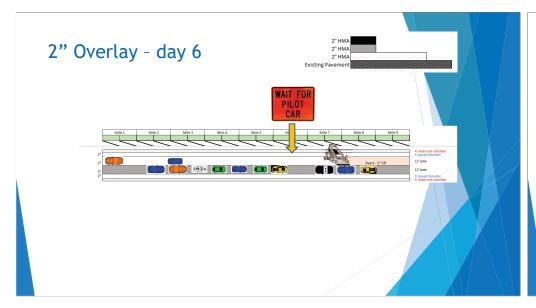


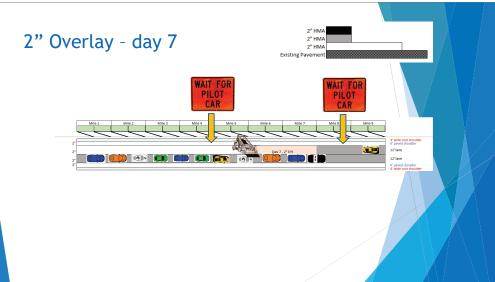


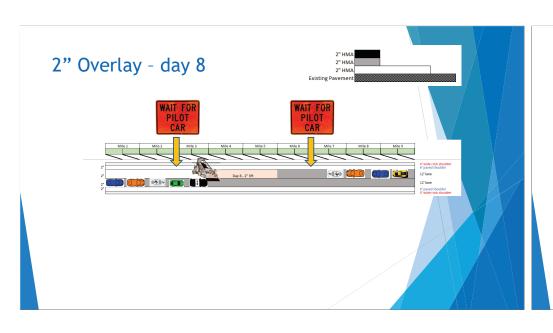


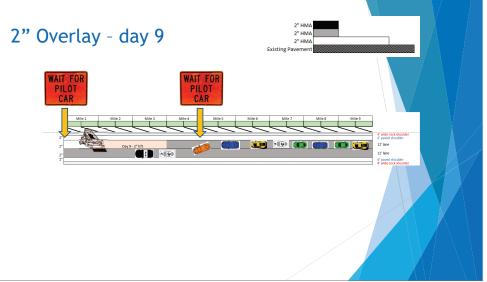


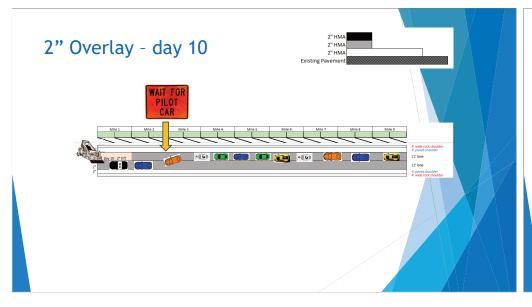


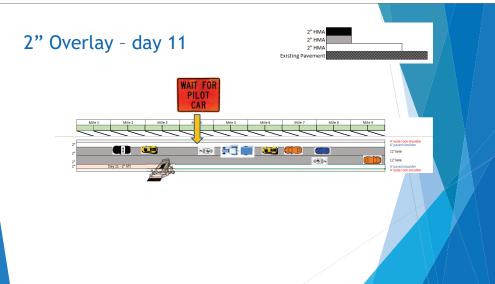


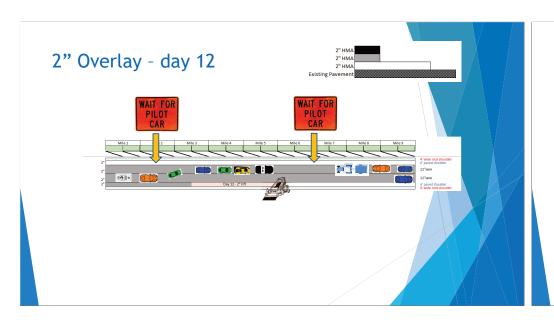


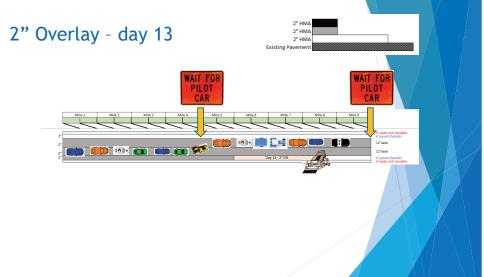


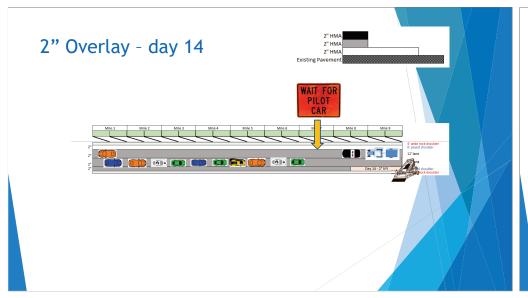


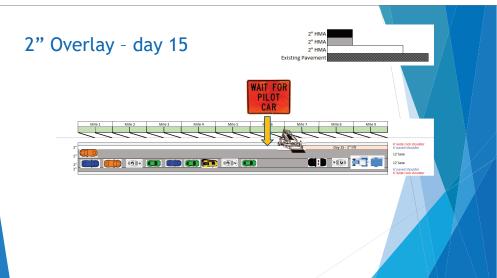


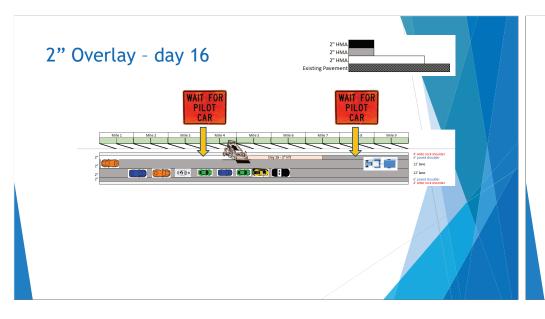


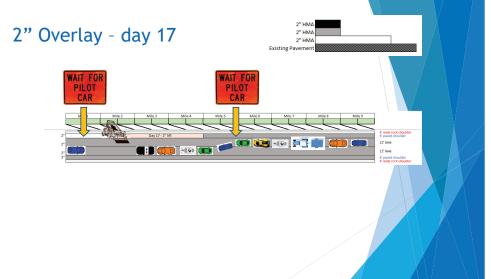


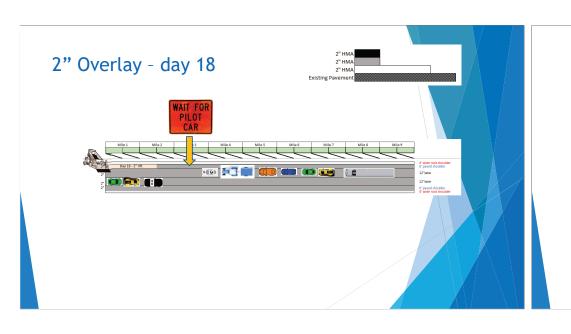




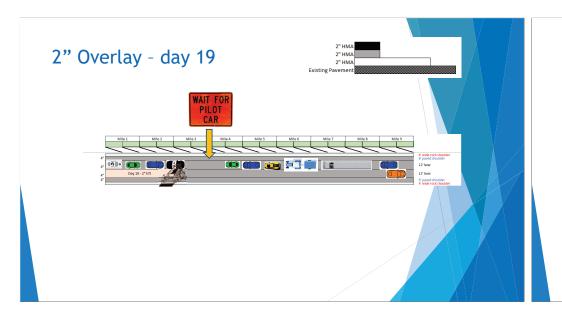


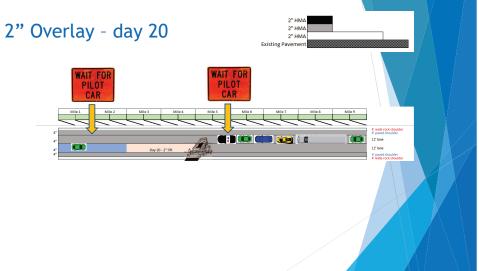


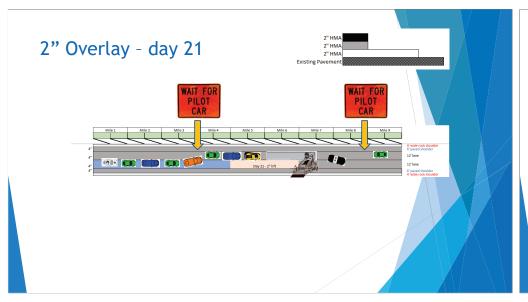


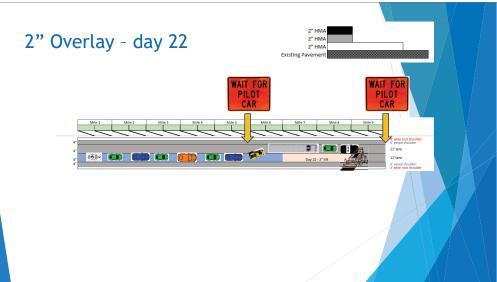


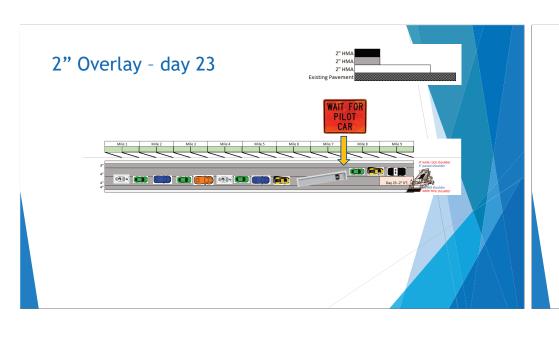
YAY! Lift 1 is done!

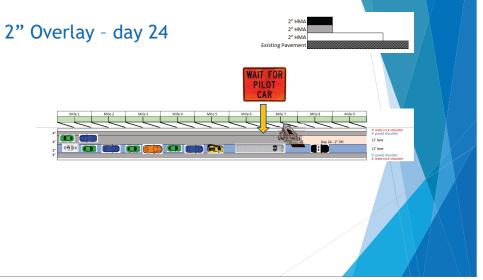


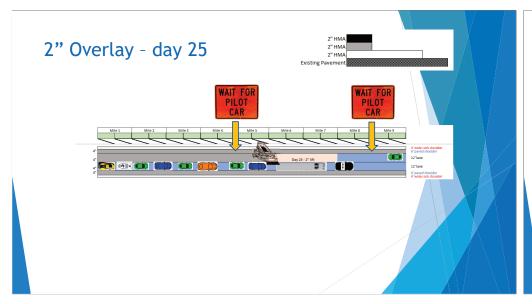


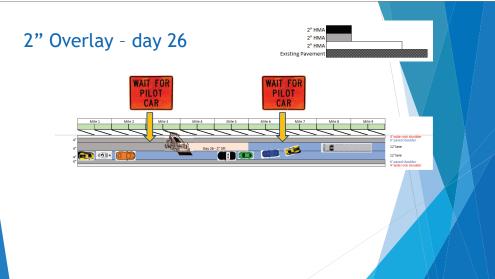


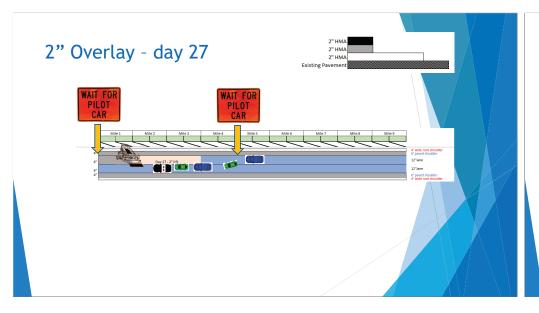


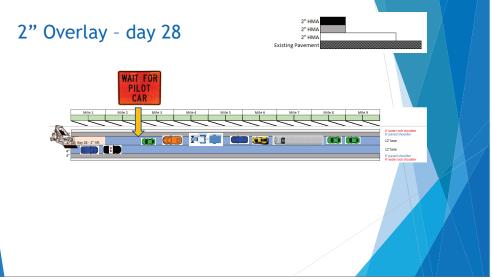


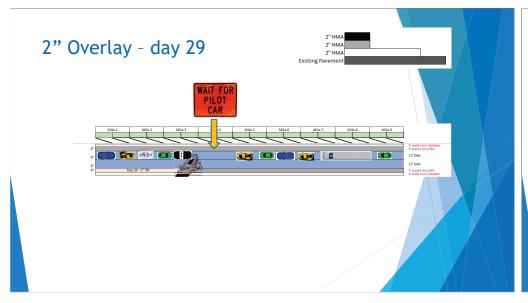


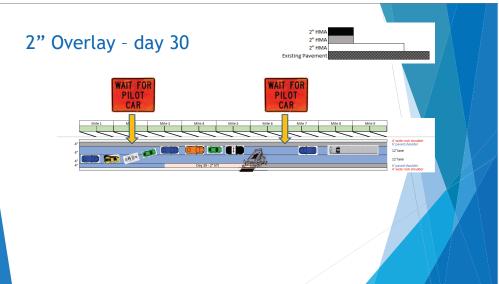


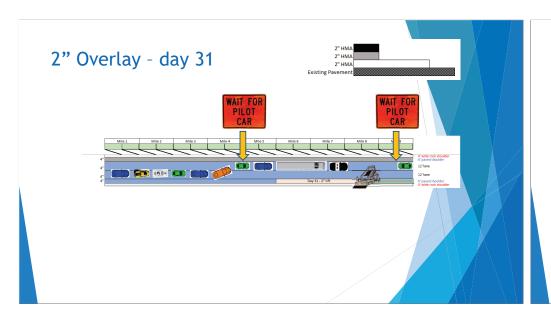


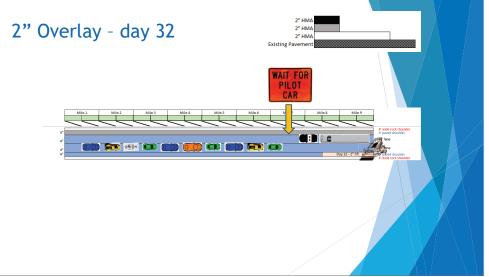


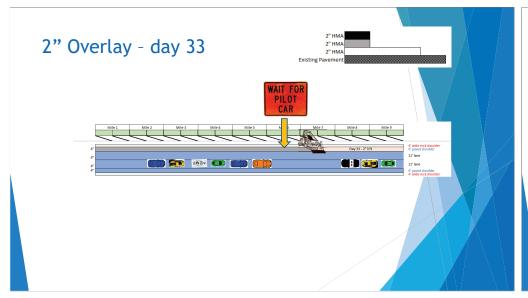


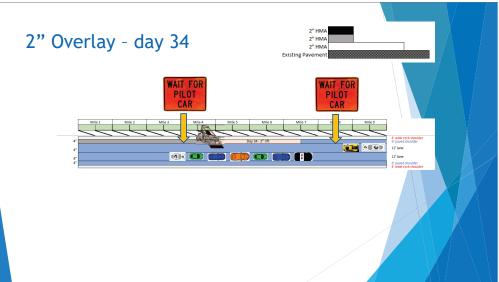


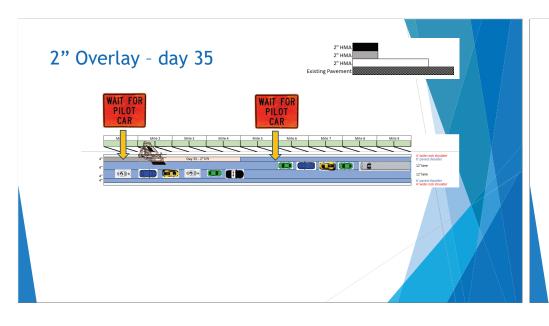


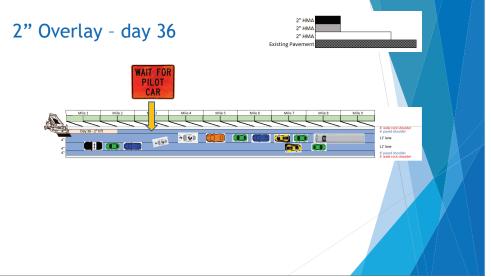


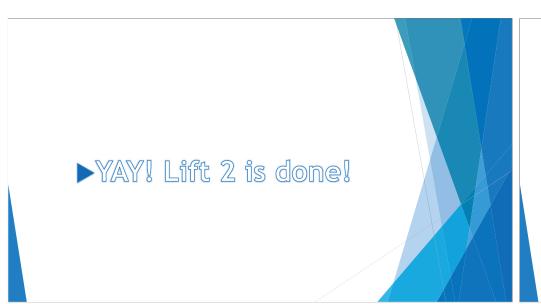


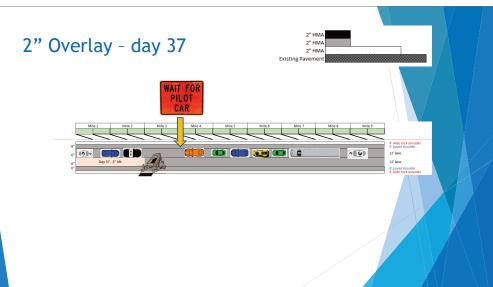


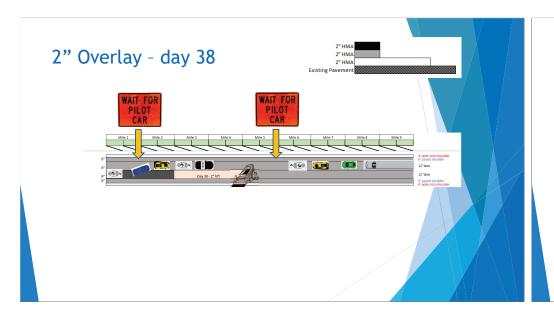


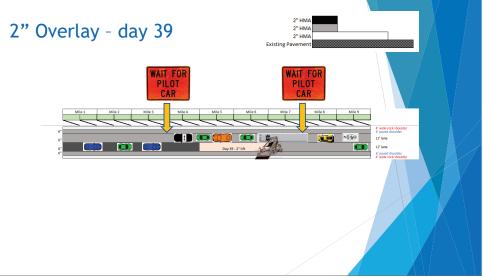


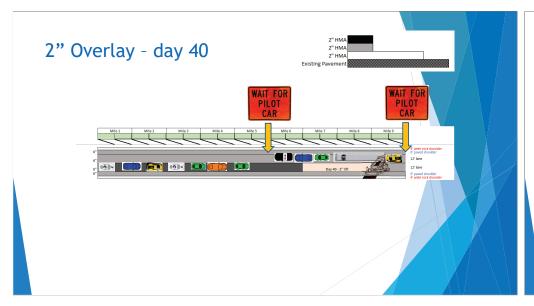


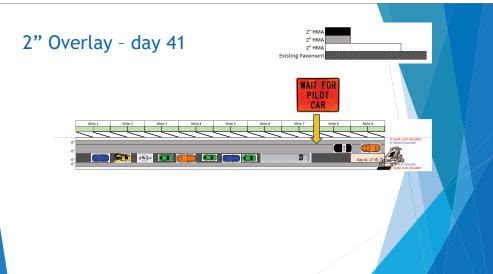


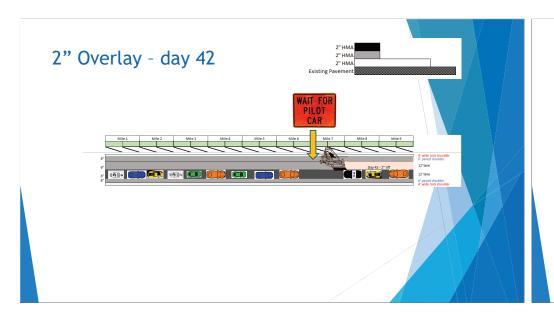


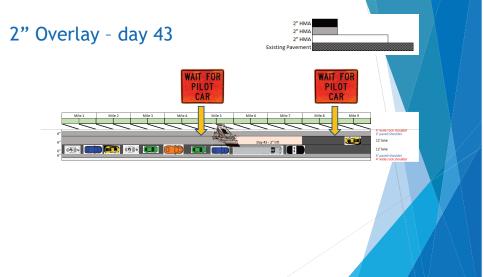


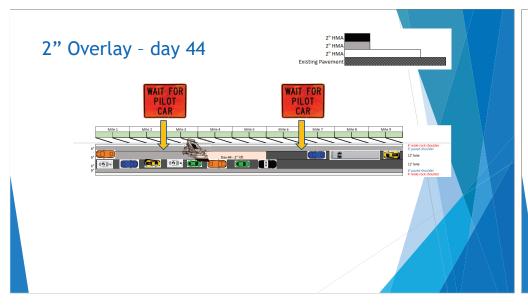






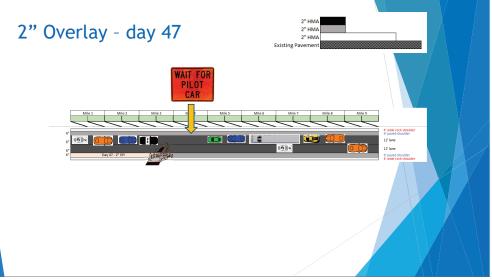


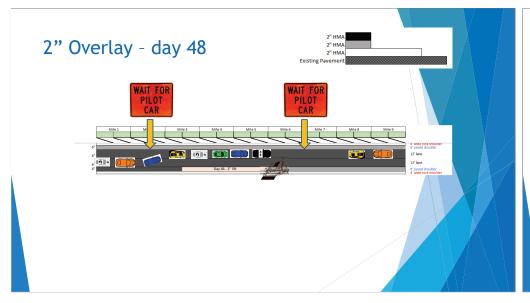




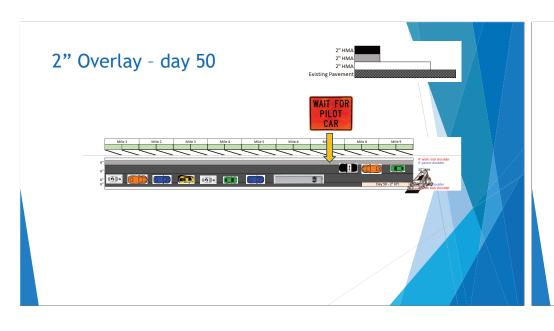


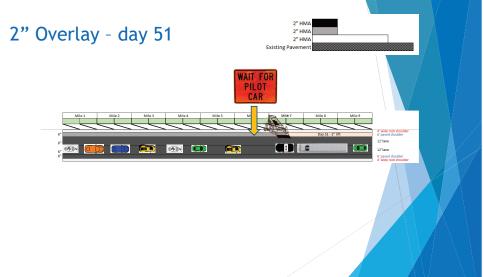


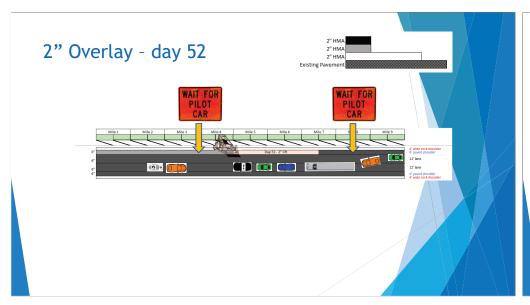


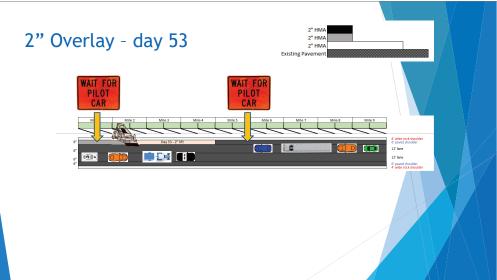


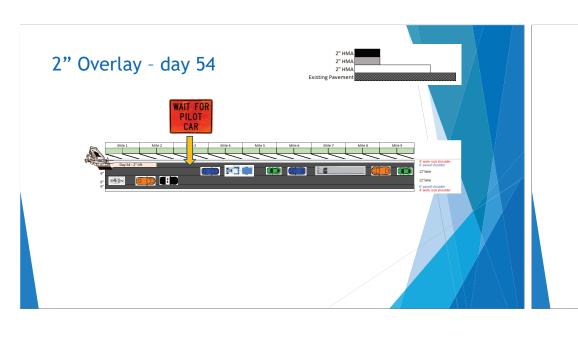




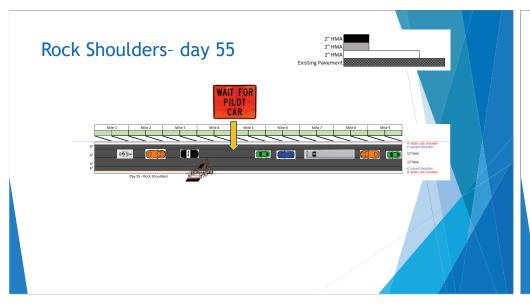


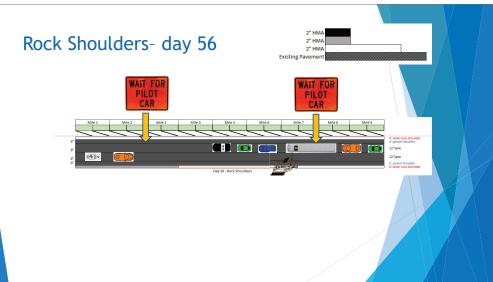




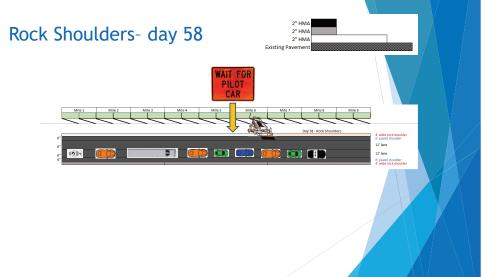


- ▶YAY! Lift 3 is done!
 - Now lets do the rock shoulders

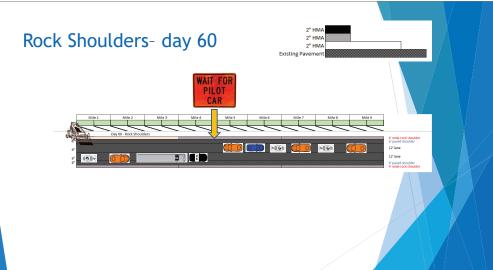












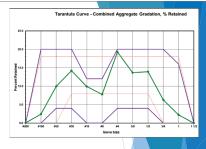


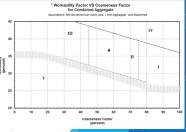


Mix Design

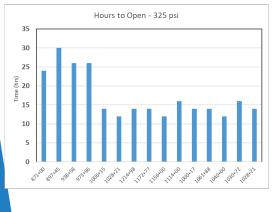
Material	lb/cy
Cement	448
Fly ash	112
Water	224
Coarse Gravel Agg	1413
Intermediate Pea Gravel	378
Fine Agg	1339

- Supposed to get Type IL, Type I/II supplied
- Class C fly ash 20%



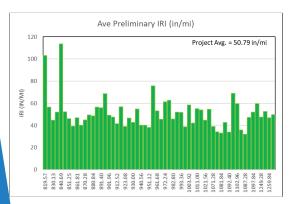


Time for Opening to Traffic



- ► Initially using higher dosage of retarder
 - ▶ Opening TTF =1102 °C-hr
 - ▶ 24-30 hours to open
- ► Switched to hydration stabilizer
 - ► Opening TTF =575 °C-hr
 - ▶ 13-16 hours to open
- ▶ 150 psi for sealing equipment

Smoothness



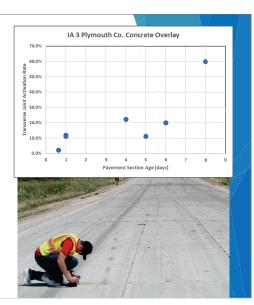
- Beginning of project had mix issues, required diamond grinding
- Average preliminary IRI for project was 50.79 in/mi



MIRA Testing - Joint Activation

- Early Joints likely to be wider
- Generally, every other joint activated
 - Occasionally every 6ft.
- 12 x 12 ft. panels okay

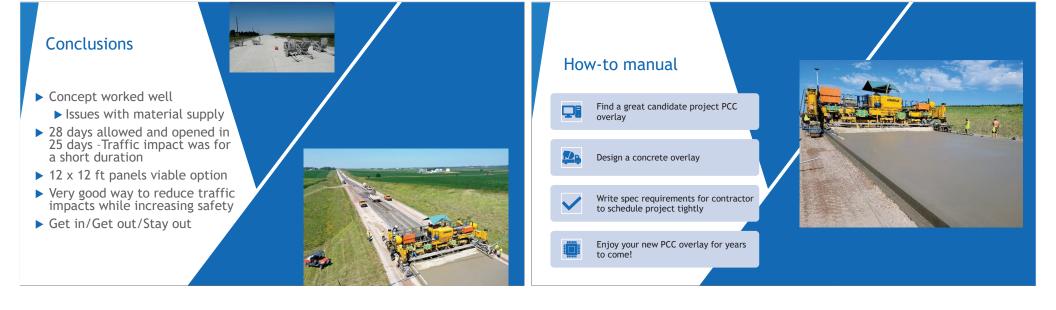






Strain Under Slab

- ► Strain sensors under slab
- ► Loaded truck at 24 and 48 hrs.
- ► Results somewhat noisy data
 - ▶Sensors?
- Very minimal strain at bottom of slab
- ► <u>Thanks</u> to MNDOT Tom Burnham for equipment





Submit any questions on-line..sorry







	MATERIAL			
0800	2301-1003100 STANDARD OR SLIP-FORM PORTLAND CEMENT CONCRETE PAVEMENT, QM-C, CLASS 3 DURABILITY, 10 IN.	3,173.500 SY	69.89	221,795.92
0090	2310-5151600 PORTLAND CEMENT CONCRETE OVERLAY, QM-C, FURNISH ONLY	35,292.840 CY	99.00	3,493,991.16
0100	2310-5151605 PORTLAND CEMENT CONCRETE OVERLAY, QM-C, PLACEMENT ONLY	181,506.040 SY	7.00	1,270,542.28
0110	2315-8275055	400.000		





A solution for extending the life of an existing pavement investment.



FHWA TOPS EDC-6 Team

Tim Aschenbrener Bob Conway

FHWA Headquarters FHWA Resource Center

Derek Nener-Plante

FHWA Resource Center





Every Day Counts



Program Coordinator Contact

Julie Zirlin@dot.gov 202-366-9105

Every Day Counts

- Select EDC innovations
- Virtual summit
- States finalize their selection of innovations, establish performance goals, and begin to implement the innovations
 - Support and assistance of the technical teams established for each innovation









EDC-6 Innovations (2021-2022)









EDC-6 Overview Video

Crowdsourcing for Advancing Operations

e-Ticketing and Digital As-Builts

Next-Generation TIM: Integrating Technology, Data, and Training



Strategic Workforce

Development







Targeted Overlay Pavement Solutions (TOPS)

UHPC for Bridge Preservation and Repair

Virtual Public Involvement (VPI)

EDC-1: 2011-2012

EDC-1: 20





Background

- Over 25% of all State DOT infrastructure funds go to pavements overlays.
- State DOT manage 2.8 million miles of pavements.
- Information source: FHWA at https://www.fhwa.dot.gov/innovation/everydaycounts/edc 6/targeted overlay pavement.cfm







How is this different from typical overlays?

TOPS matches treatments to high-priority, highneed locations.



TOPS EDC Mission



Extend pavement life, increase load-carrying capacity, and improve safety, mobility, and user satisfaction in a cost-effective and sustainable manner by delivering targeted pavement overlay solutions to Federal, State, and local transportation agencies.





EDC-6 Goals

- Increase the number of participating agencies that demonstrate, assess, or institutionalize an additional TOPS technology not previously institutionalized.
- Build awareness and expand TOPS usage
 - Identify a champion at each State agency
 - Share information at conferences/workshops
 - Train people (webinars/peer exchanges)





What's in the TOPS toolbox? (1 of 2)

Asphalt overlay products:

- High-Performance Thin Overlay (HPTO)
- Crack Attenuating Mixture (CAM)
- Highly Modified Asphalt (HiMA)
- Enhanced friction overlay
- Stone matrix asphalt (SMA)
- Asphalt Rubber Gap-Graded (ARGG)
- Open-Graded Friction Course (OGFC)
- Ultra-thin bonded wearing course (UTBWC)





What's in the TOPS toolbox? (2 of 2)

Concrete overlay products:

- Concrete on Asphalt Bonded (COA-B)
- Concrete on Asphalt Unbonded (COA-U)
- Concrete on Concrete Bonded (COC-B)
- Concrete on Concrete Unbonded (COC-U)

TOPS Potential Benefits

- Improved Safety
- Improved Performance
- Retained Investments
- Cost Savings
- Environmentally Sound









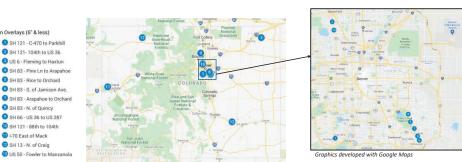


COA-B **Concrete Overlay on Asphalt - Bonded**



COA-B in Colorado

Eric Prieve, P.E. Concrete & Physical Properties Program Manager



CDOT has built over 1.5 million SY of 6" concrete overlays & over 10 million SY of concrete overlays of all thicknesses



Thin Overlays (6" & less)

1-70 East of Mack 13 SH 13 - N. of Craig



Project Description



- SH 13 North of Craig, CO
- 6 miles
- 20% Truck Traffic
- Alternate Bids:
 - 6" HMA on Full Depth Reclamation
 - 6" PCCP on Existing Asphalt **Pavement**

Existing Asphalt Prior to Concrete Overlay Source: Google Earth Image dated 09/02/2014





Milling

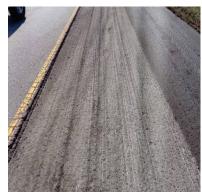


Photo: Castle Rock Construction Company, used with permission

- · Profile milled to optimize volume of concrete and final smoothness
- Maintaining a consistent thickness was key to success (pay item by square yard only)





Shoulder

- Millings used in shoulder
- Reuse asphalt materials

TOPS

- Provides a weather resistant surface
- Smoother pavement due to stable track





Photo: CO/WY Chapter - ACPA, used with permission



Performance Engineered Mixtures



The state of the s

- Optimized aggregate gradation
- 20% Class F fly ash
- Reduced cementitious content







Paving Operation

- Portable concrete batch plant located within project limits
- Half-width (19')
 - 12' lane + 7' shoulder



Photo: CO/WY Chapter - ACPA, used with permission



Traffic Control: Pilot Car



Photo: CO/WY Chapter - ACPA, used with permission

SH 14



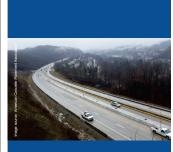




Completed Project



- Compliments from motorists and CDOT maintenance
- 44 inch/mile IRI
- Awards:
 - CO/WY ACPA Award for Excellence in Concrete Pavement - Overlays
 - ACI State Award for Excellence in Concrete
 - ACPA National Gold Award for Excellence in Concrete Pavement -Overlays







U.S. Department of Transportation
Federal Highway Administration







COC-U on I-85 in North Carolina

Clark Morrison, P.E. State Pavement Design

Engineer

- I-2508, Granville County (1997, 1998, 2000)
 - 10.3 miles, 7.8 miles, 17.2 miles
- I-2810, Vance County (2010)
 - 5 miles (2 directions)
- I-0914, Vance and Warren Counties to VA State Line
 - 17.2 miles, both directions
 - Let: 3/17/2015 Complete: 12/28/2020

I-0914 Project History

- Original Pavement constructed in 1960, 9" JCP on 4" ABC (54 years old)
- Band-Aid project in 2007: Asphalt patches of worst slabs, Ultra-Thin Bonded Wearing Course Overlay









Distresses in UTBWC









- Would they provide uniform support?
- Do they need to be removed and replaced with concrete?
- If so, can they be found under the UTBWC?
- Patches located with GPR
 - 189 lane-width patches
 - Length ranged from 9.5' to 883', 80% less than 70' long





Concern with Asphalt Patches

- Project Review and Workshop held through the Concrete Overlay Technical Assistance Program (FHWA and CP Tech Center) in 2013
- Recommended leaving asphalt patches in place unless there was severe distress apparent in the UTBWC surface. Repair could be either asphalt or concrete.
- FWD testing done on asphalt patches and concrete slabs
 - Deflections on Concrete: 4.29 to 12.63 mils
 - Deflections on Asphalt Patches: 8.67 to 10.51 mils
 - · Asphalt patches were left in place

Pavement Structure

<u>Pavement Structure – Main Line:</u>
Unbonded Concrete Overlay –
Jointed Dowels10"
PADC2"
Total: 12"

Pavement Structure - Shou	lders
S9.5C	3
I19.0C	3
B25.0C	4
PADC	2

Total: 12"



TOPS







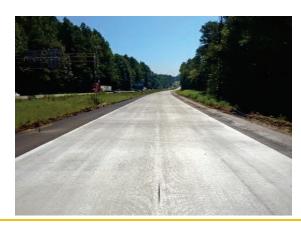
Paving Operations







Finished Product











TOPS Innovation Spotlight Video







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Concrete Resources

- One Pagers
- Case Studies
- Reports
- Webinars
- Technical Support
- Workshops (starting 2023)
 - FHWA
 - ARA/Transtec/Weris Team
 - CPTech Center

EDC-6 TOPS Concrete Lead

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